

# SEP #46: Scilab Desktop

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Title: Scilab Desktop

Version: 1

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## Abstract

This SEP proposes to create a Scilab Desktop. The implementation of this working environment passes by the improvement of Scilab's window docking management (introduced in Scilab 5.0).

For practical and ergonomic reasons Scilab Desktop will evolve through new features.

We will distinguish 2 types of features:

- graphical features
- command line features

This SEP will be dedicated for the **graphical features**. Command line features will be handled in another SEP.

### Scilab Docking system

Scilab Docking system is based on FlexDock (version 0.5.1) which is a Java docking framework used in cross-platform Swing applications. The offered features are:

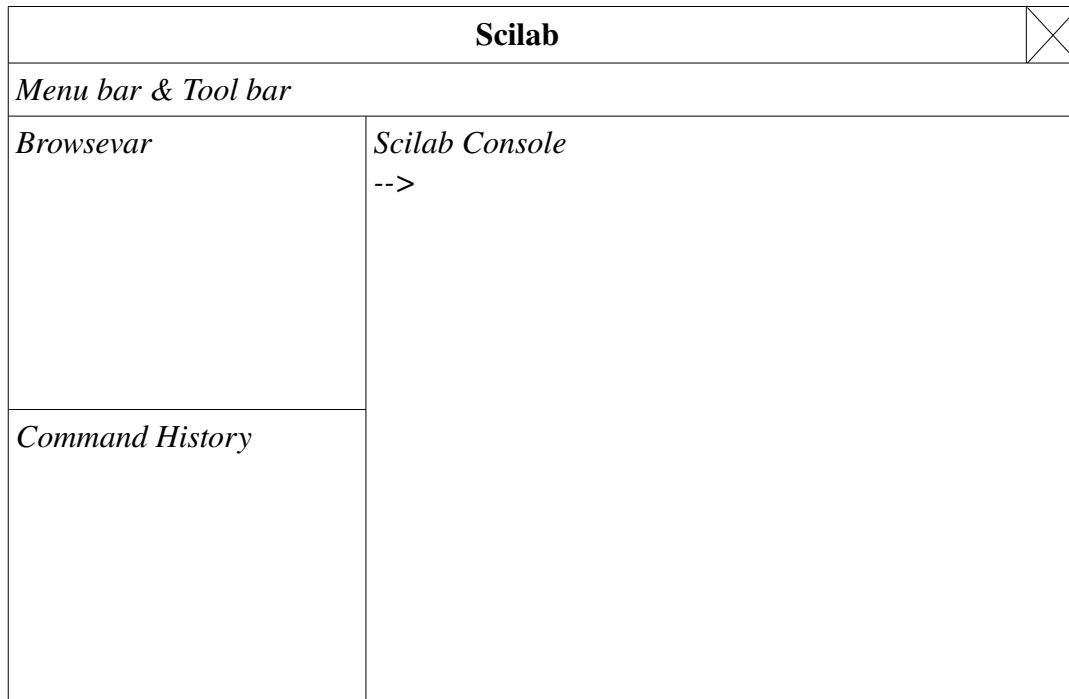
- Tabbed and Split Layouts
- Drag-n-Drop capability
- Floating windows
- Collapsible Containers

## SCILAB DESKTOP: GRAPHICAL FEATURES

Graphical features will offer to the user a new organization and layout of Scilab's windows. We will see point by point these features:

### *Scilab Desktop windows at the opening*

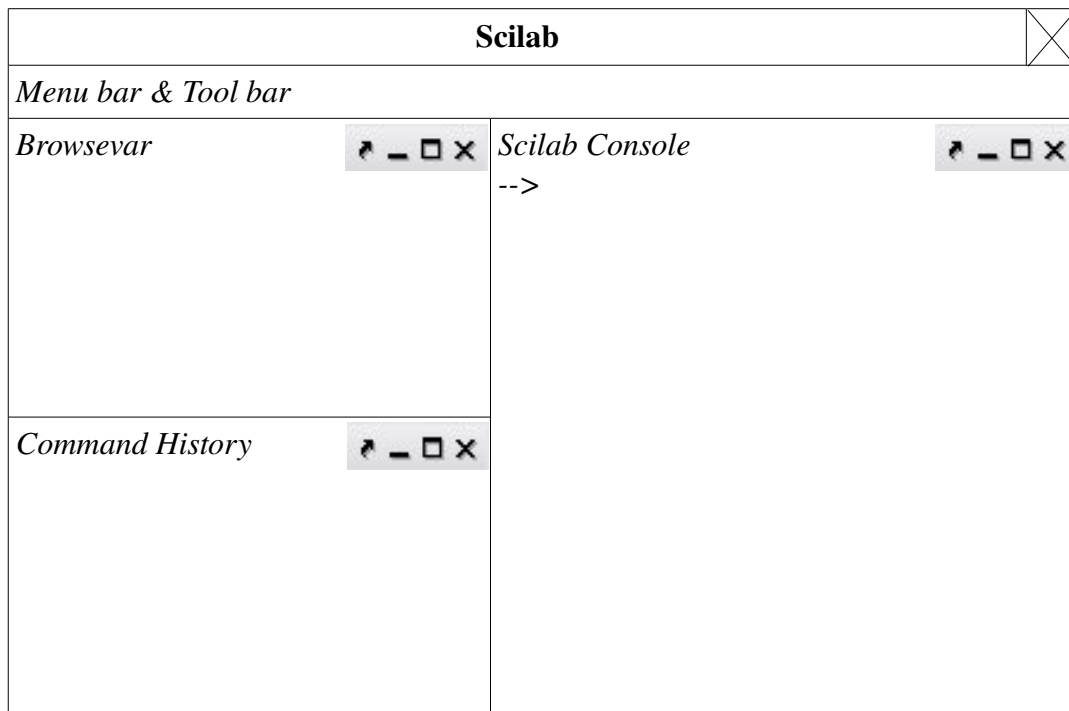
The default layout at the opening of a new Scilab session is defined in the following way:



## Window's Docking bar

The new docking bar will enable to:

- Dock and Undock a window
- Minimize a window
- Maximize a window
- Close a window



## Layout persistence

Layout persistence is the possibility to save automatically the Scilab Desktop while we quit Scilab. While the user will start Scilab for the next time windows layout will be the same of the last Scilab session.

For this we need to save automatically for each sessions which windows were shown and hidden but also their positions.

## Menus

For the window docking management 2 menus called **Desktop** and **Window** will be added to Scilab's menu bar. The first one is to manage the Scilab Desktop and the second will handle properties on the focused window.

### Menu Desktop

Shows all the main Scilab tools.  
If we check or uncheck one of those items we respectively show or hide the tool

Desktop
Desktop Layout >
Save Layout...
Organize Layouts...
Next Window
Previous Window
✓ Console
✓ Command History
✓ Variable Browser
Help
Editor
Xcos
Variable Editor
Graphical Editor
Toolbars >
✓ Windows Titles

} Switch to next or previous window (Scilab tool)

<b>Features</b> <i>(Hot key)</i>	<b>Actions</b>
<i>Desktop Layout</i>	Allows to organize Scilab Desktop in a defined way [1].
<i>Save Layout...</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + S)</i>	Saves the current Scilab Desktop layout [2].
<i>Organize Layouts...</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + O)</i>	Organizes saved layouts [3]. This menu item appears only if at least one saved layout exists.
<i>Next Window</i> <i>(Ctrl + Tab)</i>	Switch to next X window (next Scilab tool) [4].
<i>Previous Window</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + Tab)</i>	Switch to previous X window (previous Scilab tool) [4].
<i>Console</i>	Show or hide Console.
<i>Command History</i>	Show or hide Command History.
<i>Variable Browser</i>	Show or hide Browsevar.
<i>Help</i>	Show or hide Help.
<i>Editor</i>	Show or hide Editor.
<i>Xcos</i>	Show or hide Xcos.
<i>Variable Editor</i>	Show or hide Editvar.
<i>Graphical Editor</i>	Show or hide Graphical Editor.
<i>Toolbars</i>	Show or hide toolbars [5].
<i>Windows Titles</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + W)</i>	Show or hide Windows Titles [6].

[1] Desktop Layout menu item:

Desktop Layout >	Default
	Console Window Only
	History and Console Window
	All Tabbed
	All but Console Window Maximized

Default

<b>Scilab</b>	
<i>Menu bar &amp; Tool bar</i>	
<i>Browsevar</i>	<i>Scilab Console</i> -->
<i>Command History</i>	

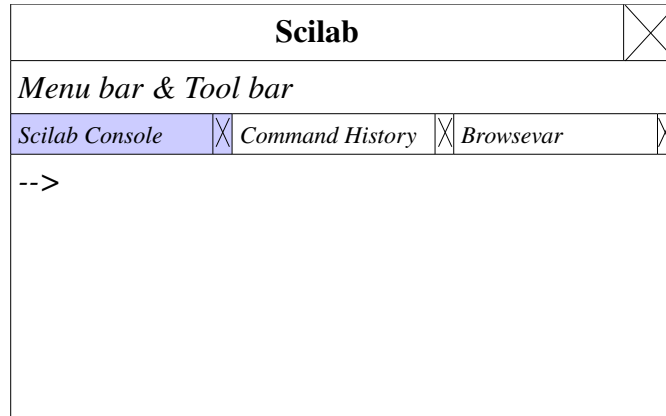
Console Window Only

<b>Scilab</b>	
<i>Menu bar &amp; Tool bar</i>	
<i>Scilab Console</i> -->	

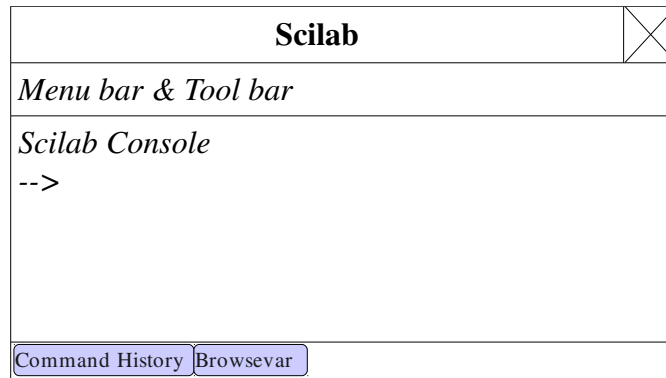
History and Console Window

<b>Scilab</b>	
<i>Menu bar &amp; Tool bar</i>	
<i>Command History</i>	<i>Scilab Console</i> -->

All Tabbed

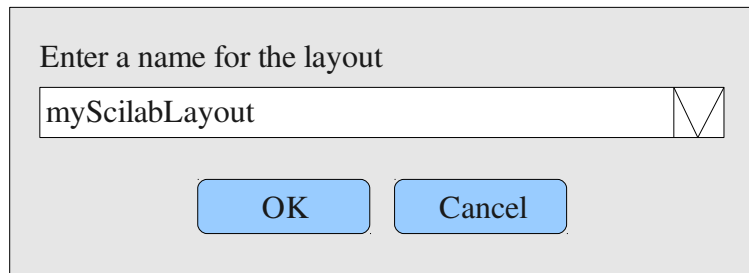


All but Console Window Maximized



[2] Example of saving a layout:

Will open a window which allow the user to save his Scilab Desktop layout.



Enter a name for the layout

myScilabLayout

OK Cancel

Note: The user through the editable combo box will enter the name of the layout to save. The combo box will display all the existing layout saved by the user.

Once the layout saved, this one will be available in the Desktop Layout menu item:

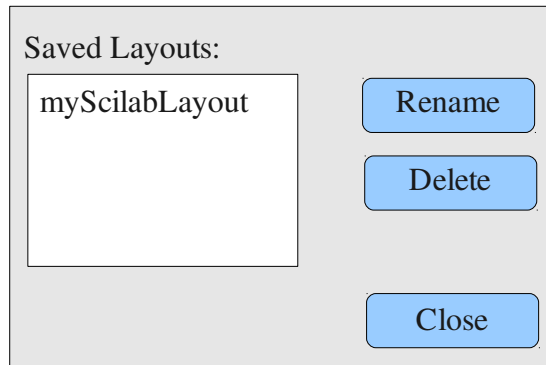
Desktop Layout	>	Default
		Console Window Only
		History and Console Window
		All Tabbed
		All but Console Window Maximized
		myScilabLayout

The user can load his saved layout through the Desktop Layout.



[3] Example of organizing layouts:

Will open a window which allow the user to organize his saved layouts.

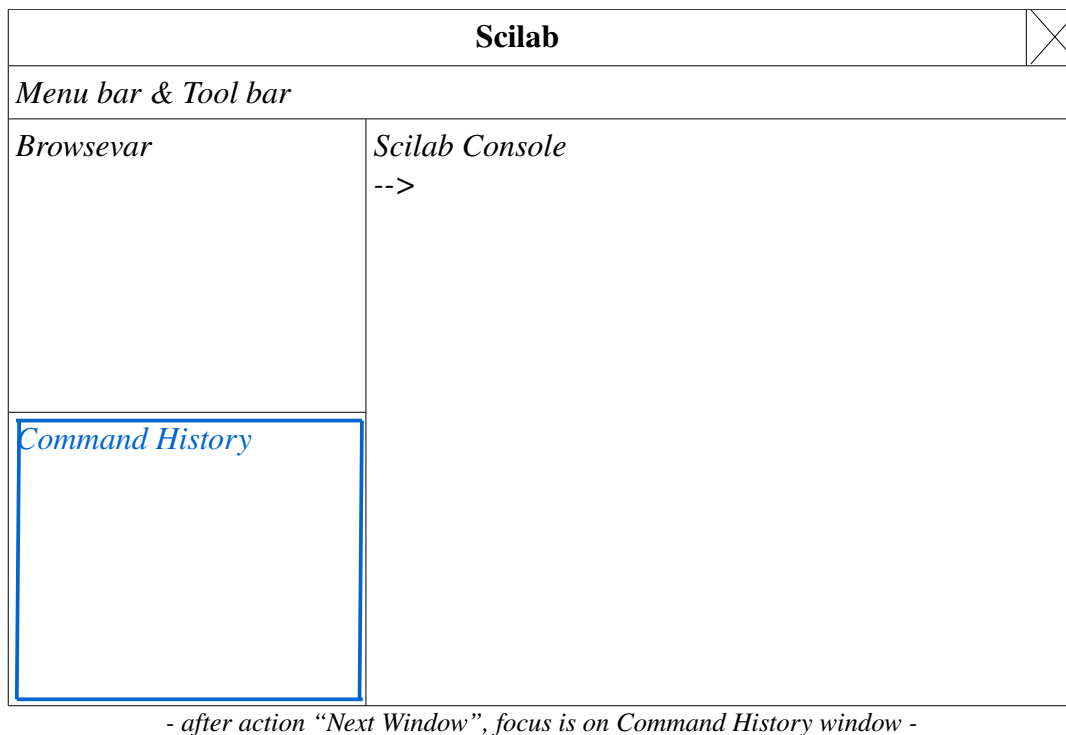
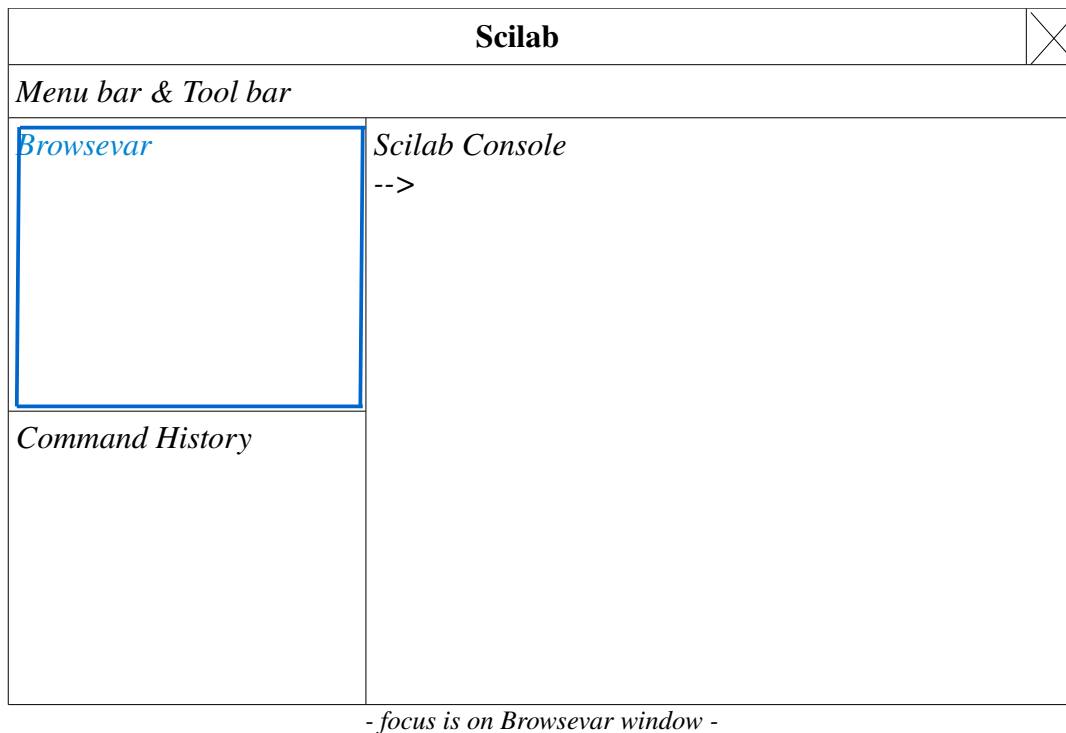


Note: The user can rename or delete a saved layout. All changes will respectively update Desktop Layout menu item.

If none item is selected, buttons “Rename” and “Delete” are disabled.

	<b>Left Double-click</b>	<b>Right Click</b>
<b>Item of the saved layouts list</b>	Puts the selected in edition mode, the user can directly rename the item.	<b>On selection mode:</b> A contextual menu will propose to “Rename” or “Delete” the selected item.  <b>On edition mode:</b> A contextual menu will propose to “Cut”, “Copy”, “Paste” or “Select All” on the selected item.

[4] Example of “Next Window” action:



Note:

The next action “Next Window” will put the focus on Scilab Console window.

In the same way action “Previous Window” will (if the focus is on Browsevar window) put the focus on Scilab Console window.

[5] Toolbars menu item:

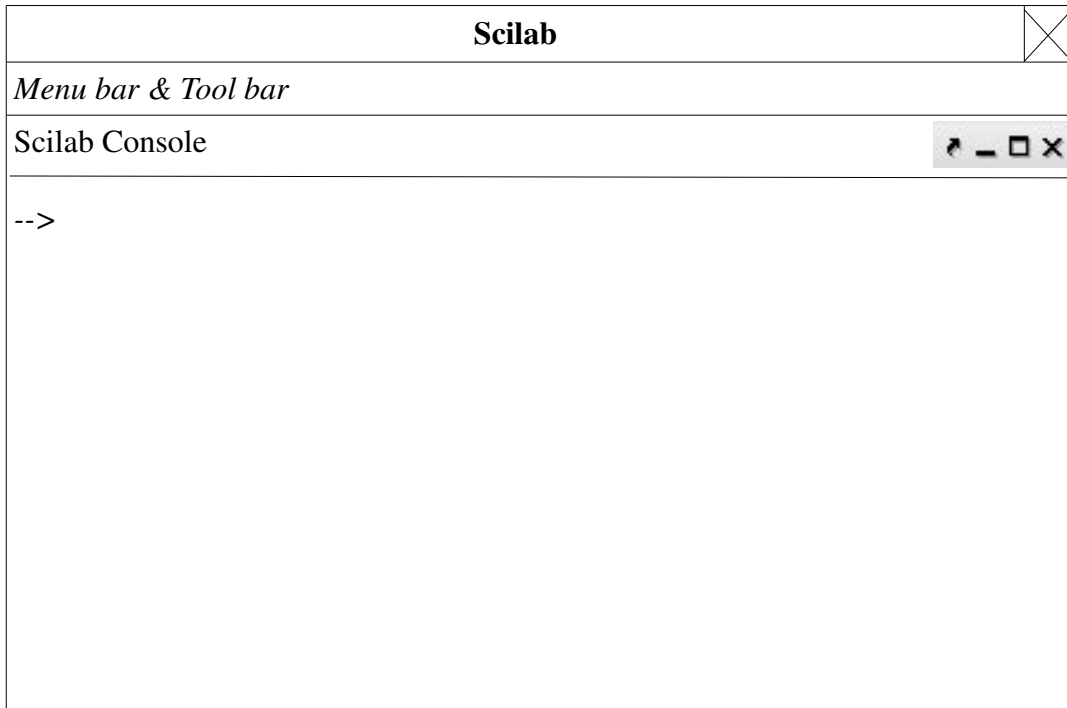
Toolbars	>	✓ Scilab
		✓ Command History
		✓ Variable Browser

Note: Will appear only windows displayed in Scilab Desktop.

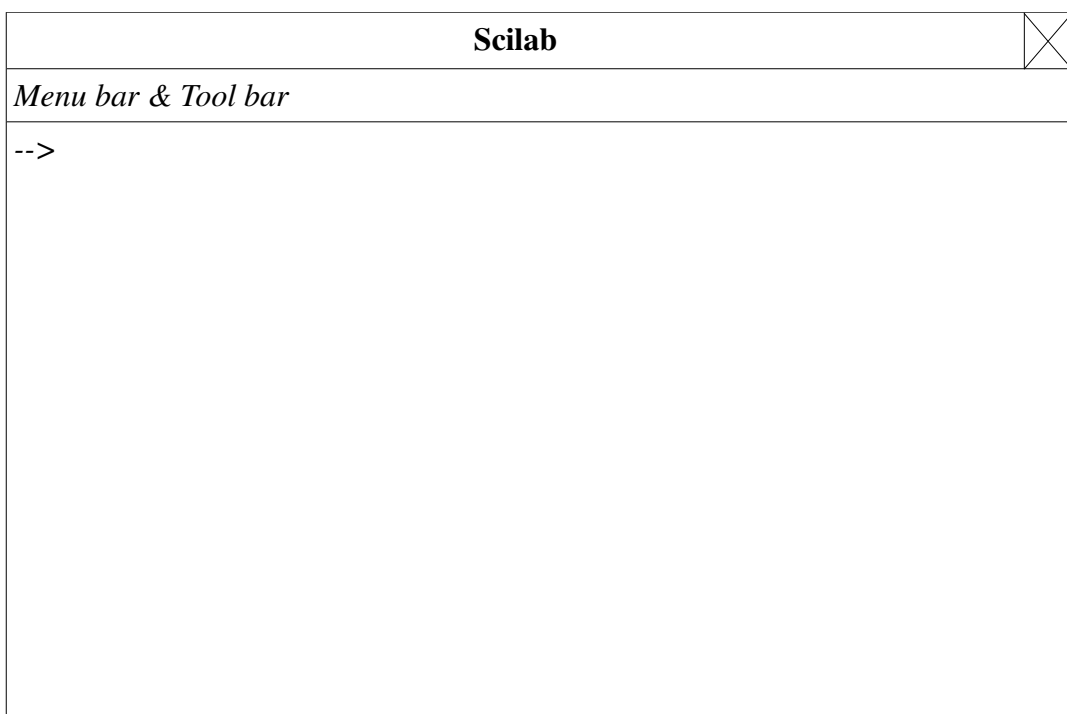
All the displayed toolbars are active even if the window is not focused.

*Example:* If the focus is on the Scilab Console and the user clicks on the button “copy” of the Editor's toolbar, the focus will be given to Editor and action “copy” will be executed.

[6] Show or hide window title on Scilab Console:

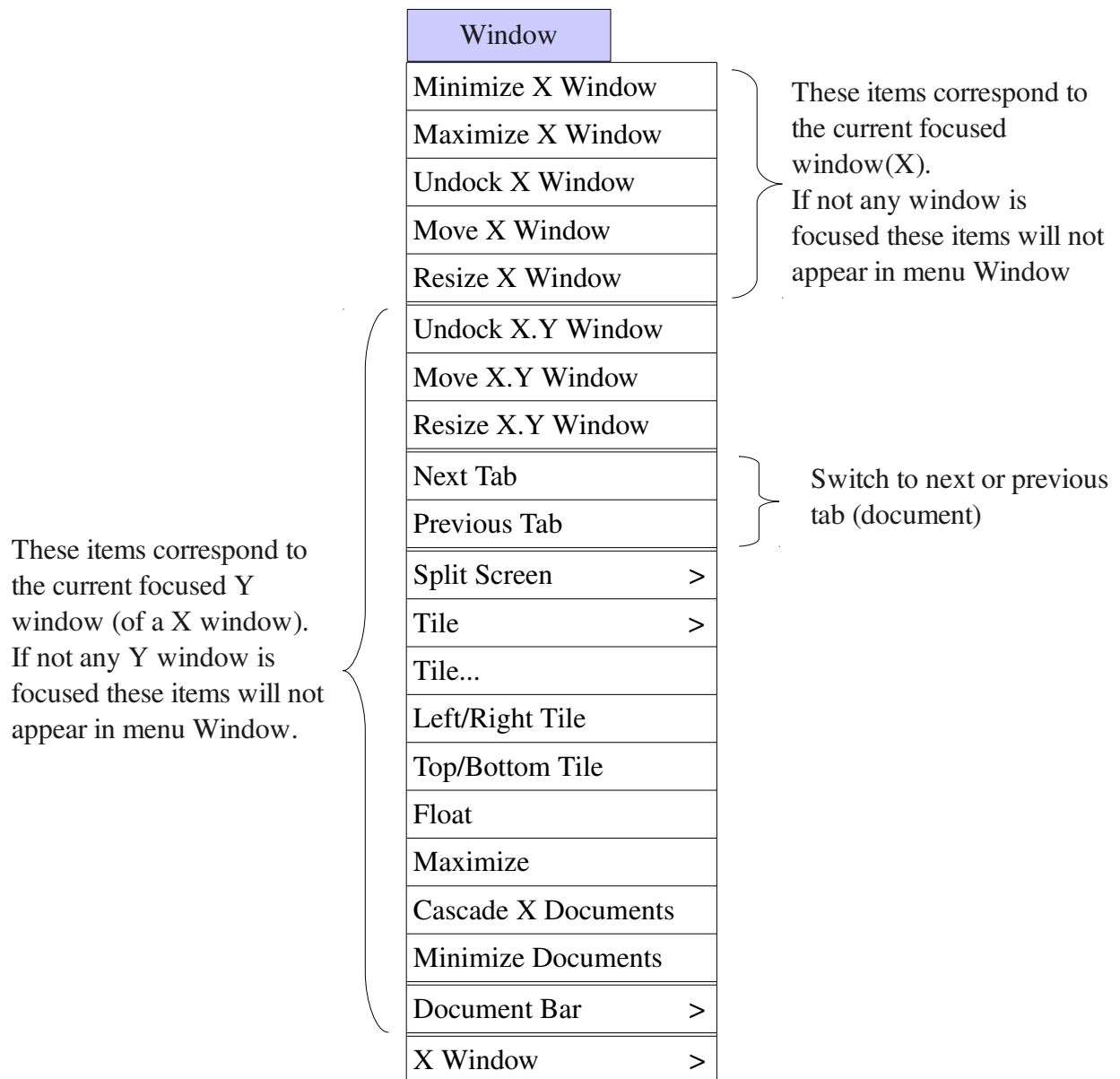


- Scilab Console with window title displayed -



- Scilab Console with window title hidden -

## Menu Window



Note: When we talk about X.Y windows or documents, it corresponds to the tools of Scilab which allow to open several windows or documents at the same time, such as:

- graphical windows
- editor
- Xcos
- Scilab help

Note:

If the X window is minimized, items in menu **Window** will be:

- Restore X window
- Maximize X Window
- Undock X Window
- Move X window (disabled)
- Resize X Window

If the X window is maximized, items in menu **Window** will be:

- Minimize X Window
- Restore X window
- Undock X Window
- Move X window (disabled)
- Resize X Window (disabled)

If the X window is undocked, this one will have a menu **Window** in which we will have:

- Dock X window

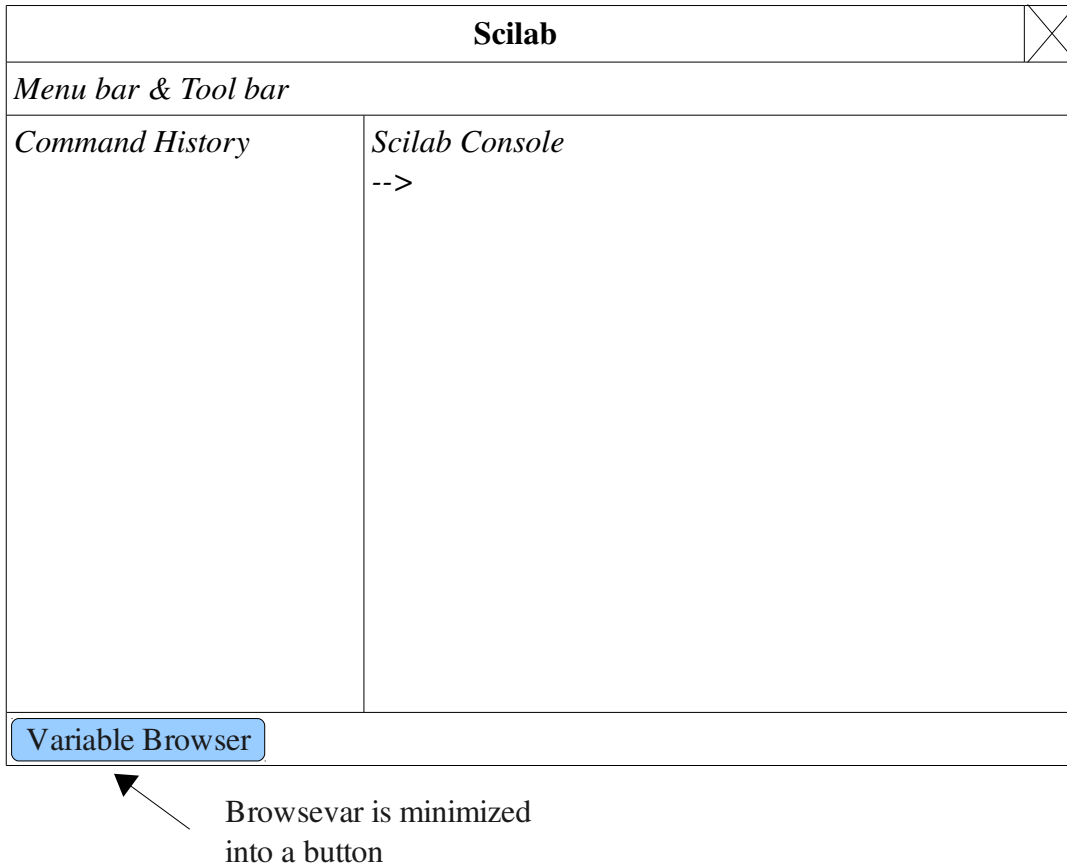
Same behavior for X.Y windows.

<b>Features</b> <i>(Hot key)</i>	<b>Actions</b>
<i>Minimize X Window</i>	Minimizes focused window [1].
<i>Maximize X Window</i>	Maximizes focused window [2].
<i>Dock/Undock X Window</i> <i>(Dock: Ctrl + Maj + D)</i> <i>(Undock: Ctrl + Maj + U)</i>	Dock or undocks focused window from the Scilab desktop [3].
<i>Move X Window</i>	Enables to move focused window to an allowed position by the docking system. If we select an area outside of the Scilab Desktop the window will be undocked.
<i>Resize X Window</i>	Enables to resize focused window. Resizing a focused window (docked window) can impact size of other docked windows. Resize action is done with mouse pointer.
<i>Dock/Undock X.Y Window</i> <i>(Dock: Ctrl + Alt + D)</i> <i>(Undock: Ctrl + Alt + U)</i>	Dock or undocks focused Y window from the X window (and the Scilab desktop).
<i>Move X.Y Window</i>	Enables to move focused Y window to an allowed position by the docking system (internal to the concerned tool). If we select an area outside of the Scilab Desktop the Y window will be undocked. In tile organization, if we move a Y window above another, the below Y window will be hide by the moved Y window.
<i>Resize X.Y Window</i>	Enables to resize focused Y window. Resizing a focused Y window (docked Y window) can impact size of other docked Y windows. Resize action is done with mouse pointer.
<i>Next Tab</i> <i>(Alt + Tab)</i>	Switch to next X.Y window (next document).
<i>Previous Tab</i> <i>(Alt + Maj + Tab)</i>	Switch to previous X.Y window (previous document).
<i>Split Screen</i>	Splits a document in two screen [4].
<i>Tile</i>	Organizes documents of X window in tiles [5].
<i>Tile...</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + T)</i>	Organizes and configures tiles organization according to documents of X window [6].
<i>Left/Right Tile</i> <i>(F3)</i>	Organizes X window in left/right tiles [7].
<i>Top/Bottom Tile</i> <i>(F4)</i>	Organizes X window in top/bottom tiles.
<i>Float</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + F)</i>	Organizes documents of X window in float style [8].
<i>Maximize</i>	Maximizes focused document of X window [9].

<i>Cascade X Documents</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + C)</i>	Displays documents of X window in float style and organize them in cascade. Order of the cascade organization will be sorted according to documents title.
<i>Minimize X Documents</i> <i>(Ctrl + Maj + M)</i>	Minimizes all the documents of the X window [10].
<i>Document Bar</i>	Allows to do actions on Document Bar [11].
<i>X Window</i>	Shows the current focused window. If the current window has X.Y window(s) opened the menu item will display these X.Y window(s) [12].



[1] Example of minimizing a window. Here Browsevar has been minimized.

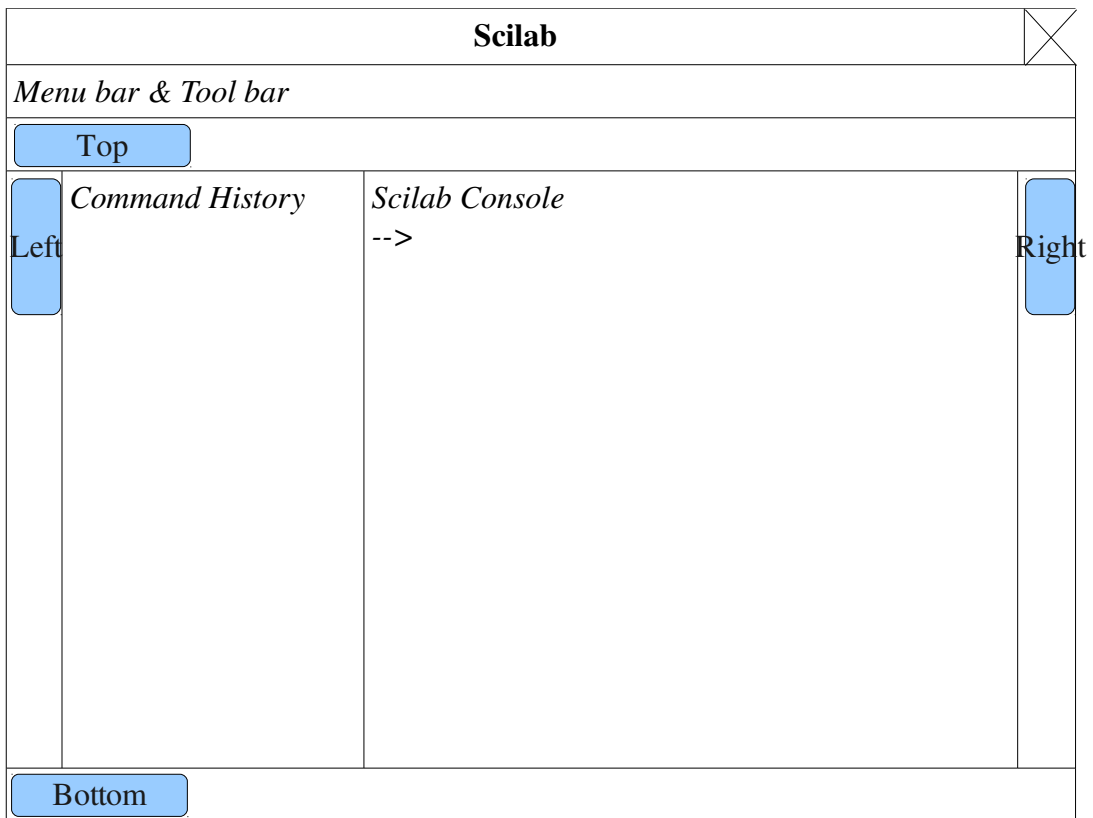


	<b>Mouse entered/exited</b>	<b>Left Click</b>	<b>Left Double-click</b>	<b>Right Click</b>
<b>Button Variable Browser</b>	<p><u>Mouse pointer entered on the button:</u> Displays a sliding Browsevar window.</p> <p><u>Mouse exited:</u> When mouse pointer exits the button or the displayed sliding Browsevar window this one minimizes itself automatically.</p>	<p><u>1<sup>st</sup> click on the button:</u> Displays and get the focus on a sliding Browsevar window.</p> <p><u>2<sup>nd</sup> click on the button:</u> The sliding Browsevar window minimizes itself.</p> <p><u>2<sup>nd</sup> click on another window:</u> Focus is lost, the sliding Browsevar window will minimize itself automatically.</p>	Restores Browsevar window to it's original position (before minimizing)	opens a context menu <b>[a]</b>

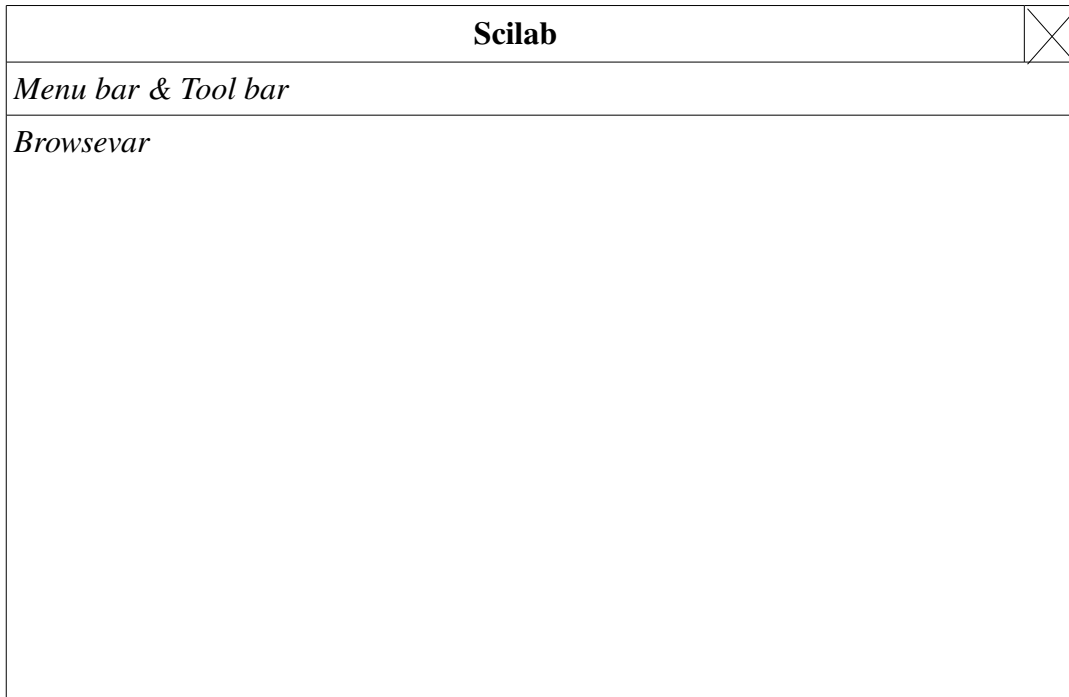
[a] Context menu on button Browsevar

Restore Variable Browser	} Position of the button in Scilab Desktop [b]
Undock Variable Browser	
Close Variable Browser	
Move to Top Edge	
• Move to Bottom Edge	
Move to Left Edge	
Move to Right Edge	

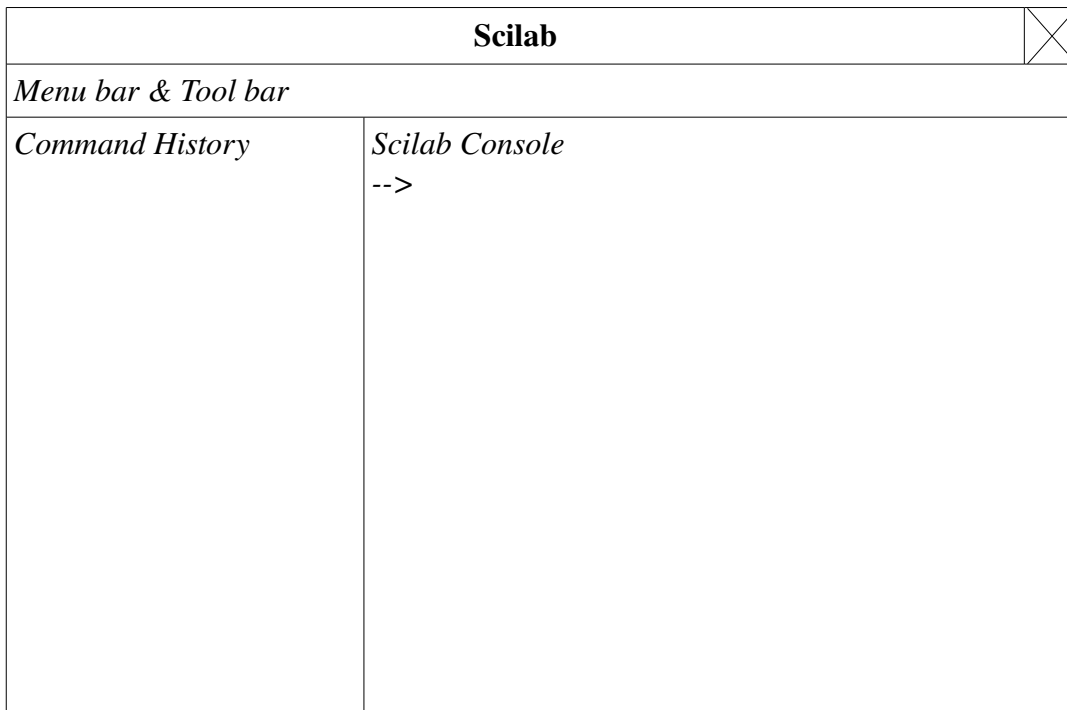
[b] Available positions for the button



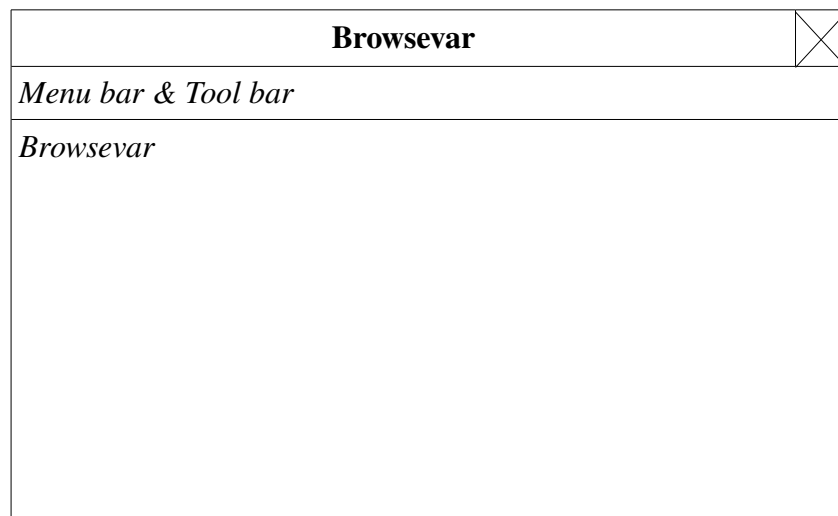
[2] Example of maximizing a window. Here Browsevar has been maximized.



[3] Example of undocking a window. Here Browsevar has been undocked.



- Scilab Desktop in which Browsevar has been undocked -



- undocked Browsevar window -

## Tile and float possibilities

These functions allow to share the Scilab Desktop in different block. The blocks organization is determined by the user. Tile and float possibilities are pertinent in the case of using :

- graphical windows
- editor
- Xcos
- Scilab help

All these functions can be opened on several windows, so to make these functions more user-friendly an tile or cascade organization can be useful.

Thus, Scilab menus **Window** and **Desktop** will have new options for the quoted functions.

[4] A document can be split in 2 ways:

Split Screen	>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horizontally
		<input type="checkbox"/> Vertically
		<input type="checkbox"/> Off

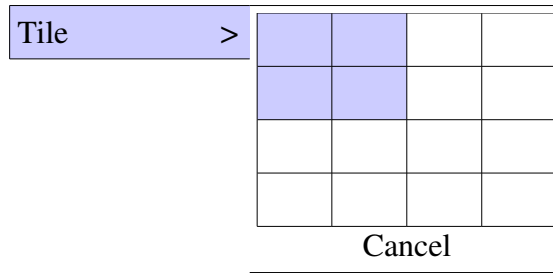
Example of splitting (horizontally) a document. Here a document of Editor has been split.

<b>Editor</b>		✕
<i>Menu bar &amp; Tool bar</i>		
<i>Untitled1</i>		✕
A = "Long life to Scilab";		
A = "Long life to Scilab";		

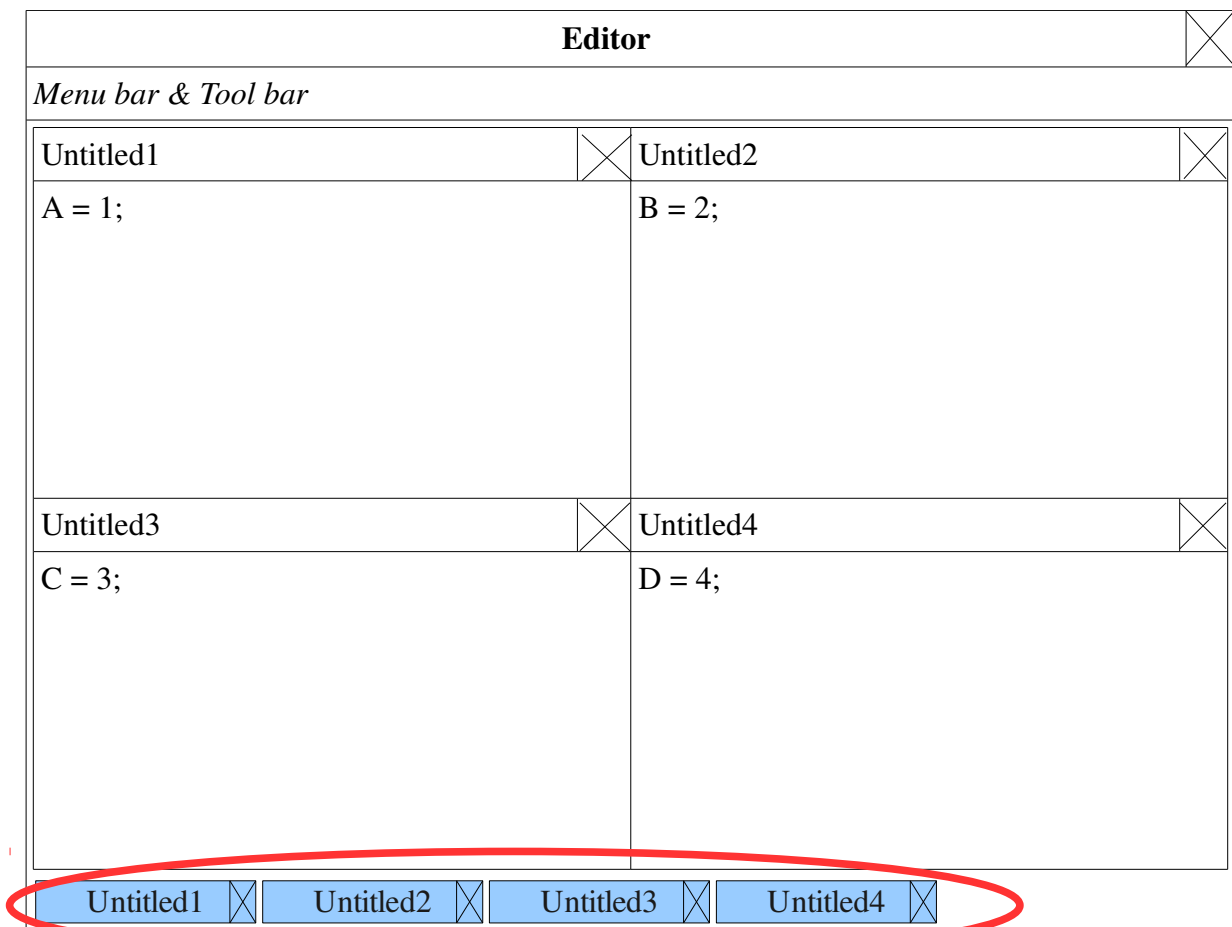
**Note:** The split action is only available on a document (Untitled1) not for the function window (Editor).

We can also split a document in "Vertically" mode and disable splitting with "Off".

[5] Example of organizing a X window in tile mode:



Example of a tile action on a X window (in this example the X window is Editor). Here Editor has been organized in 4 tiles.



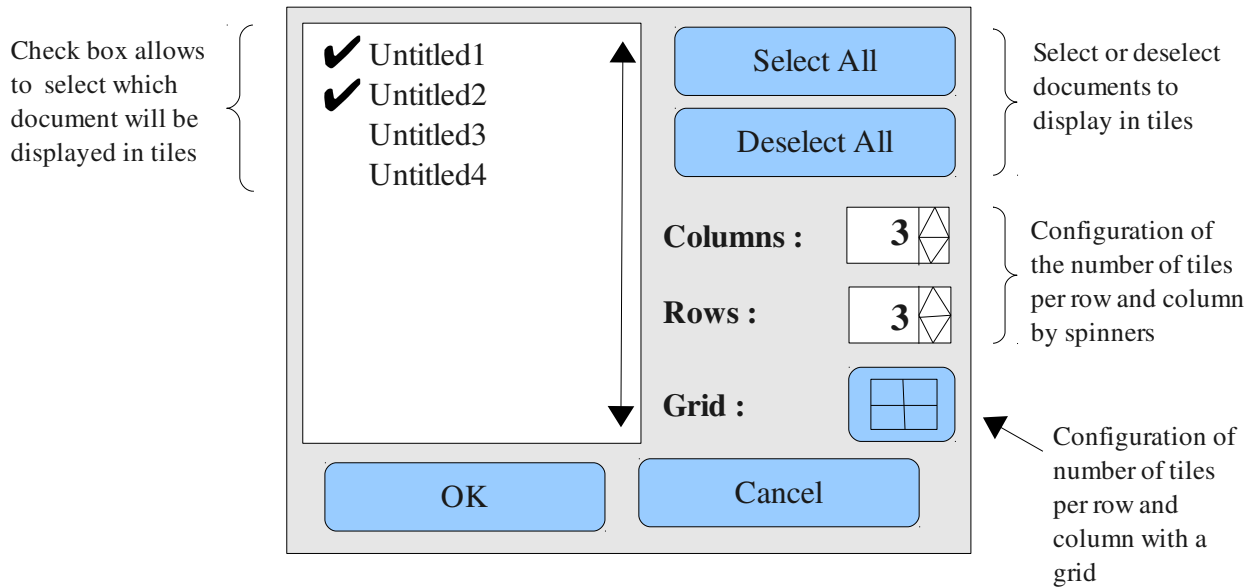
Watch section "Document Bar"

Note: A tile can be empty (without any document), it will appear as a plain tile.

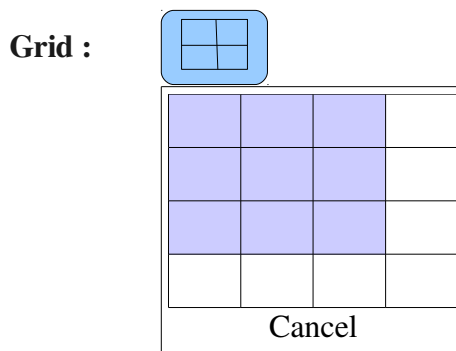
We can also split an empty tile into many others tiles who will become themselves full-fledged tiles. To be made we need to **right-click on a plain tile** and we will be able (by a contextual menu) to split it in "Top/Bottom Tile" or "Left/Right Tile".

[6] Example of configuring a tile organization for a X window:

When we click on “*Tile...*” of the **Menu Window** the following configuration box will appear.



**Note:** Configuration of tiles with a grid is made in the following way: when we click on the grid button, a grid will appear. It allows to select graphically the number of row and column. To select a disposition we must keep the mouse button pressed, otherwise the selection will not be taken in account and the grid will disappear. One the selection is made, the above spinners will be updated automatically.

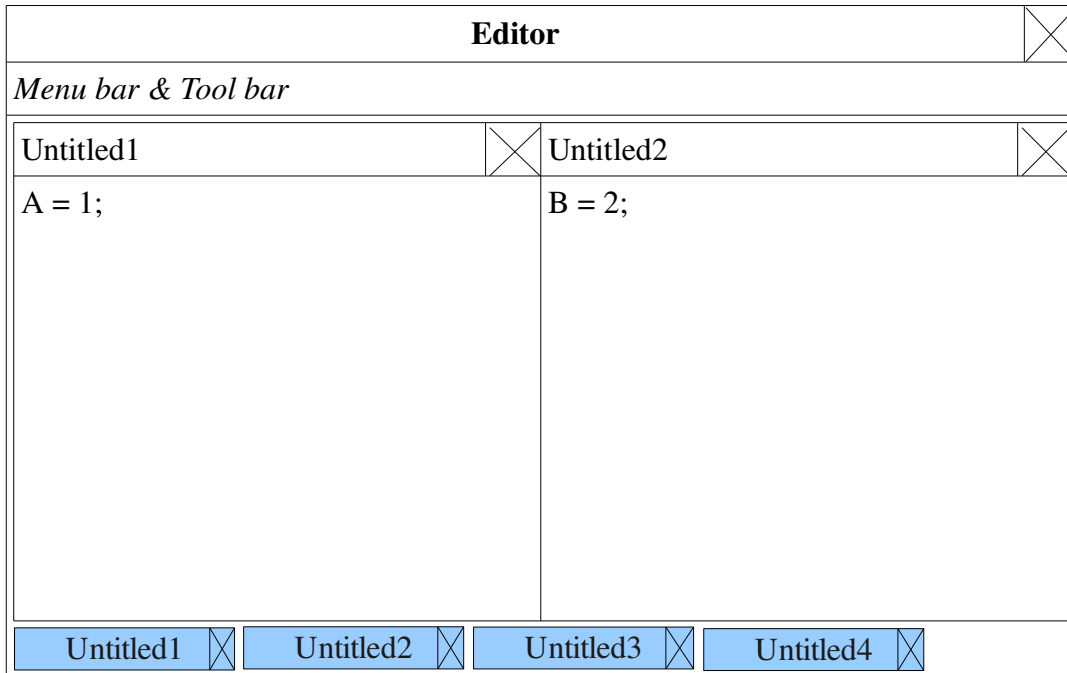


Result of the configuration:

The diagram illustrates an IDE window titled "Editor". At the top, there is a title bar with the text "Editor" and a close button (X) on the right. Below the title bar is a "Menu bar & Tool bar". The main area contains a grid of tabs and code editors. The top row has two tabs: "Untitled1" and "Untitled2", each with a close button (X). Below these tabs are two code editors. The left editor contains the code "A = 1;". The right editor contains the code "B = 2;". Below the main editor area is a taskbar with four tabs: "Untitled1", "Untitled2", "Untitled3", and "Untitled4", each with a close button (X).

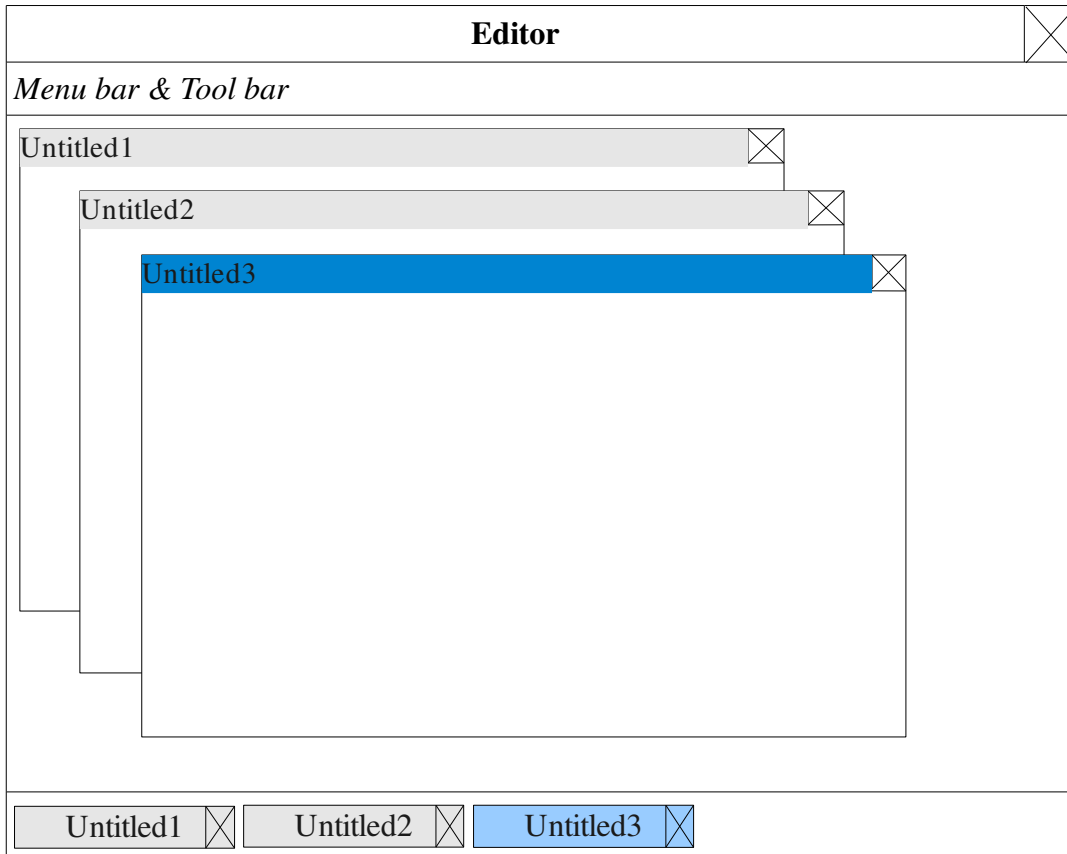


[7] Example of left/right tile on Editor:



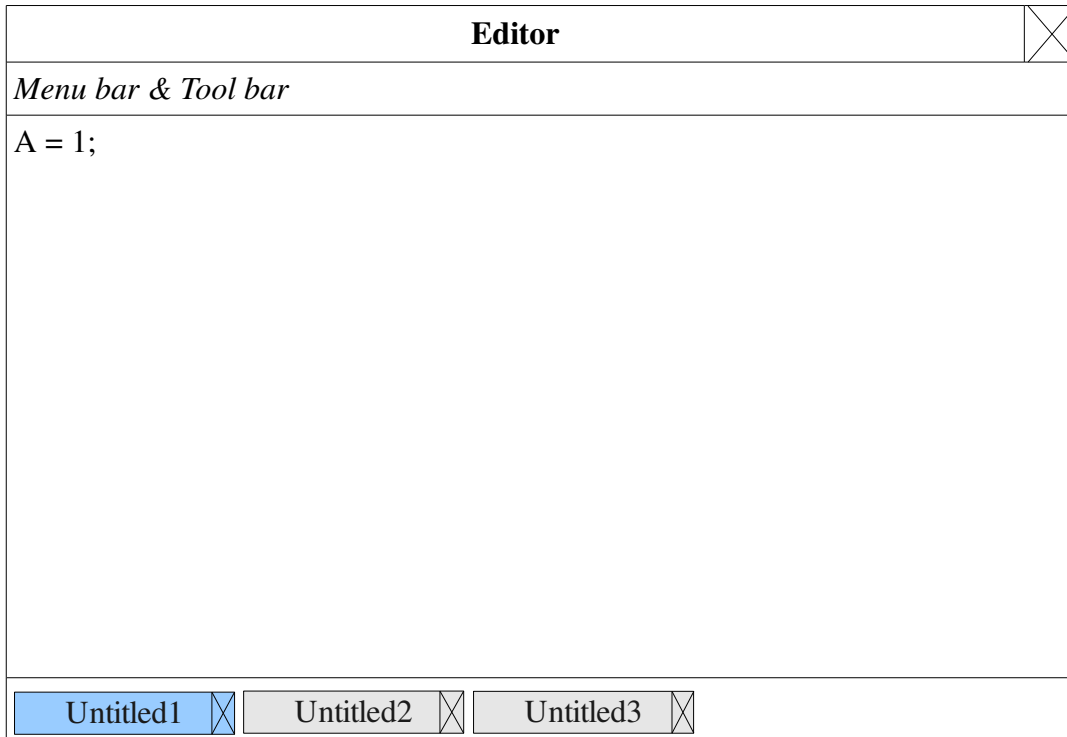
Note: Top/Bottom Tile will split Editor's screen horizontally.

[8] Example of organizing documents in float style in Editor:

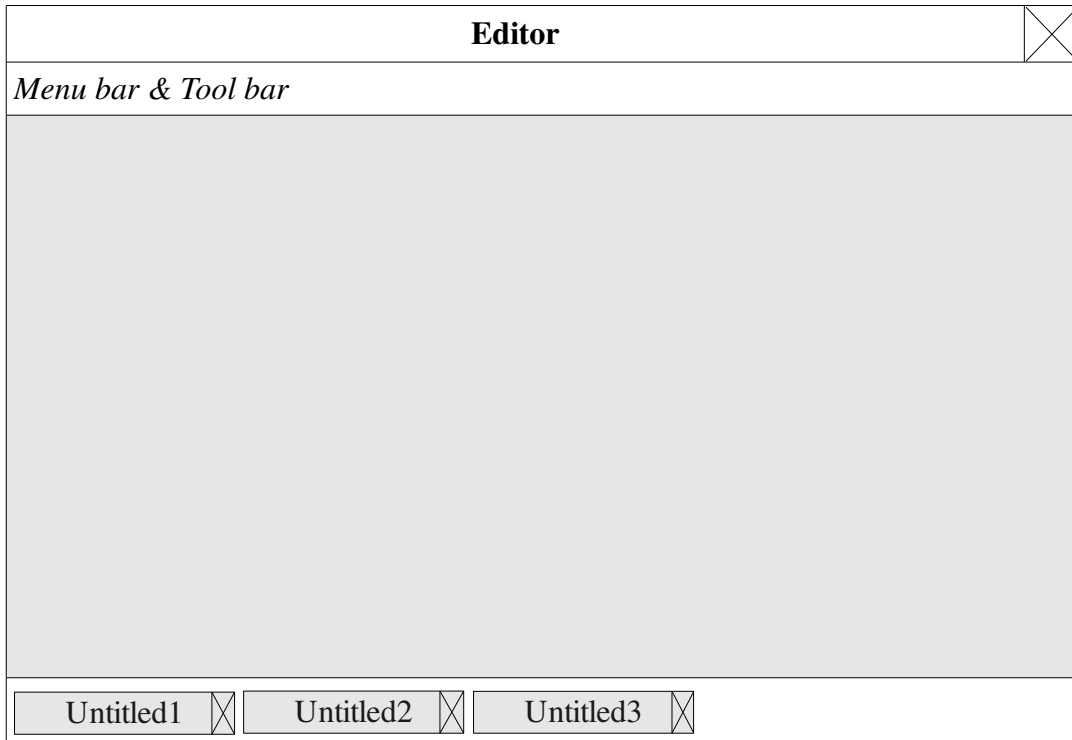


Note: We can move and resize documents inside the Editor window.

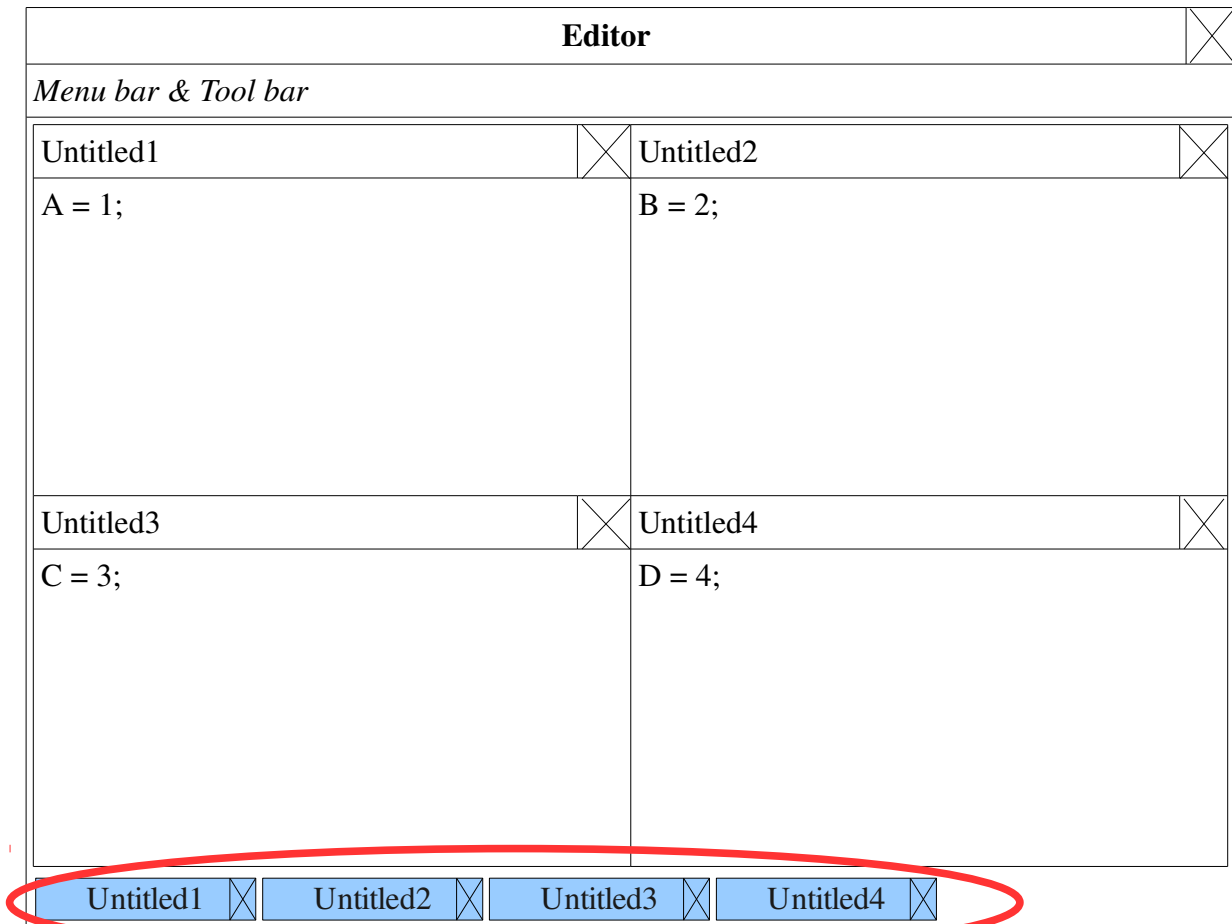
[9] Example of maximizing a document in Editor:



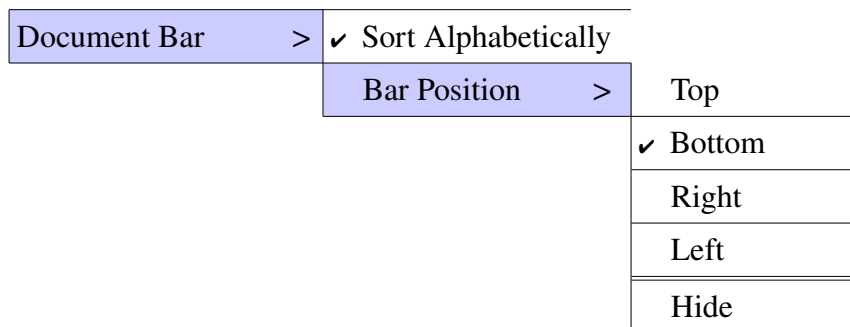
[10] Example of minimize action in Editor:



[11] Document Bar:



Document Bar



Note: Sort Alphabetically will sort items of the document bar alphabetically.

We can set the position of the Document Bar (Top, Bottom, Right and Left) in the X window. We can also hide the Document Bar.

We can change the position of Document Bar with the menu above or directly with the mouse (drag and drop action).

Contextual menu on Document Bar [a].

[a] Contextual menu on Document Bar.

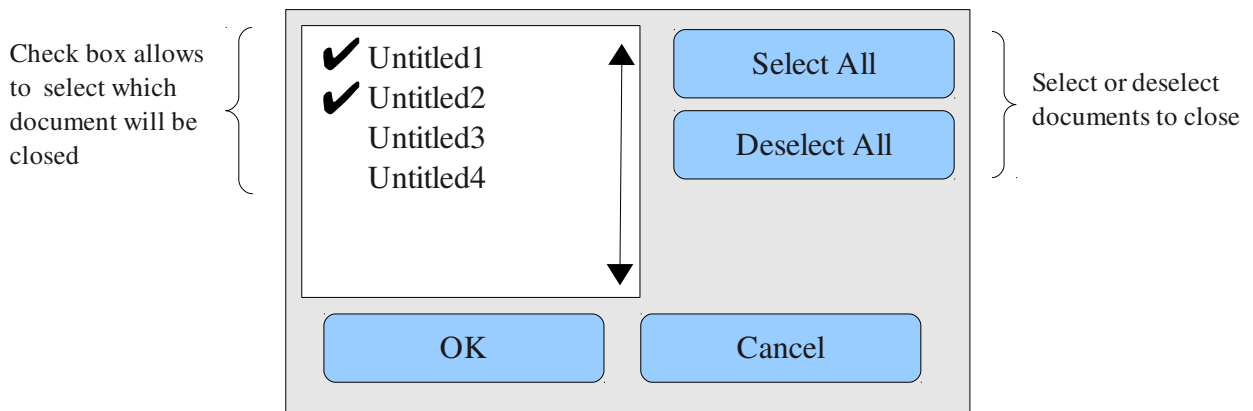
Right-click on the Document Bar will display the following contextual menu.

Close All	
Close...	
✓ Sort Alphabetically	
Bar Position >	Top
	✓ Bottom
	Right
	Left
	Hide

Note : “Close All” action will have the same effects of the menu:

***Window => Close X Documents***

Action “Close...” will open the following box:



[12] Example of X window and X.Y window(s):

Editor	>	MyFile1.sci
		MyFile2.sci
		MyFile3.sci

Note: If we click on “MyFile1.sci” the focus is given for the corresponding X.Y window.

If none X window or X.Y window is in focus this menu item will not appear.

If a X window does not have X.Y window(s) will appear only the name of the X window (example: Browsevar).

## Updates on menu File

In case of X windows which do not open several X.Y windows (*example: Browser*), a menu item “**Close X window**” will be added in the menu **File**.

This menu item will close the current focused X window.

In case of X windows which open several X.Y windows (*example: Editor*), the following menu items will be added:

- **Close X window**: will close the X window and its X.Y window(s).
- **Close...**: will have the same behavior of the “Close...” of the Document Bar.
- **Close X.Y window**: will close the current focused X.Y window.



## **Example Usage**

## **Changelog**

1.0 – Sylvestre Koumar <[sylvestre.koumar@scilab.org](mailto:sylvestre.koumar@scilab.org)> Initial version

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